

ADVANCED AUTOMATIC SELF CAR PARKING USING ARDUINO

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ABSTRACT

The use of vehicles has increased as the population of cities has grown. It creates parking issues, resulting in traffic congestion, driver irritability, and pollution. When we go to different public venues such as retail malls, multiplex cinema halls, and restaurants, we create more parking issues. According to a recent study, it takes roughly 8 minutes for a motorist to park his vehicle since he is distracted. 30–40% of traffic congestion is caused by this searching. We'll look at how to use Arduino to solve the problem of automatic self-parking. The major goal of this project is to come up with a practical solution to the problem of auto parking, which affects the entire world on a regular basis. We built a self-parking system with open-source hardware, customizable sensors, and the usage of artificial intelligence.

Keywords: Smart Car Parking, Arduino Uno, Ultrasonic Sensor, Motor.

I. INTRODUCTION

Vehicle leaving is a significant issue in metropolitan regions in both created and non-industrial nations. Following the fast increment of vehicle proprietorship, numerous urban communities are deficient with regards to vehicle leaving regions. This lopsidedness is mostly because of inadequate land use arranging and erroneous conclusions of room necessities during first phase of preparation. Deficiency of parking spot, high stopping duties, and gridlock because of guests in look for a stopping place are a couple of issues instances of ordinary stopping. Equal leaving is generally a driver's most exceedingly awful bad dream since, it requires the driver's abilities as well as builds the chance of different drivers finding their left vehicle. Self-governing vehicle leaving was acquainted with experience the above vehicle leaving issues; henceforth we fostered a high-level programmed vehicle leaving framework that empowers a vehicle to leave itself. This self-leaving vehicle project comprises of Arduino load up, impediment sensor which identifies the items in front and back of the vehicle, supersonic reach locator to identify the leaving distance, LCD module to show different data of the program, Motor driver to drive a DC gear engine and a servo Motor to control controlling. It additionally utilizes way discovering calculation. The basic motivation of this endeavor is to decrease the development stop up that occurs in and around the metropolitan zones which is welcomed on by vehicles searching for leaving. In the everyday papers, numerous articles as for the halting issue all over India like Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai, Bangalore, and various metropolitan regions. Creating people has made various issues; halting issue is one of the huge issues in our regular daily existence. In a current report, examiners have discovered that for one year, vehicle cruising for halting made what should be called multiple times trips all over, devouring 177914.8 liters of fuel and conveying 730 tons of CO₂. To reduce all these components, we go for the smart halting structure. a) To develop a watchful, straightforward robotized vehicle halting system which reduces the work and development blockage. b) To offer shielded and secure halting openings inside compelled domain.

Parking structure Problems Trouble in Finding Vacant Spaces, rapidly tracking down an unfilled space in a staggered parking structure is inconvenient if not inconceivable, especially on closures of the week or open events. Finding spaces during finishes of the week or open events can assume control more than 10 minutes for around 66% of visitors. Arenas or retail plaza are amassed at apex periods, and inconvenience in discovering void openings at these spots is an essential issue for customers. Insufficient vehicle parking spot \ brief action blockage and driver frustration.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

[1] Faiz Shaikh¹, Nikhil Kumar B.S.², Omkar Kulkarni³, Pratik Jadhav⁴, Sai deep Bandarkar⁵- 2015 has proposed A Survey on "Smart Parking" System This paper focuses on different smart parking techniques developed to overcome said problem using various wireless sensor network and providing real-time data

analysis from the sensors, some papers include system based on resource allocation and reservation of parking lot which have various problems in efficiently achieving the goals. [2] Prof. Yashomati R. Dhumal¹, Harshala A. Waghmare², Aishwarya S. Tole², Swati R. Shilimkar²-2016 has proposed Android Based Smart Car Parking System-The purpose of this system is to computerize the parking space reservation.[3] Aishwarya D Kuchali², Debarupa Rakshit-2016 has proposed A survey paper on smart parking system based on internet of things a Smart Parking system---- It provides an optimal solution for parking problem in metropolitan cities. Due to rapid increase in vehicle density especially during the peak hours of the day, it is a difficult task for the drivers to find a parking space to park their vehicles. The aim of the paper is to resolve the above-mentioned issue.

III. BLOCK DIAGRAM

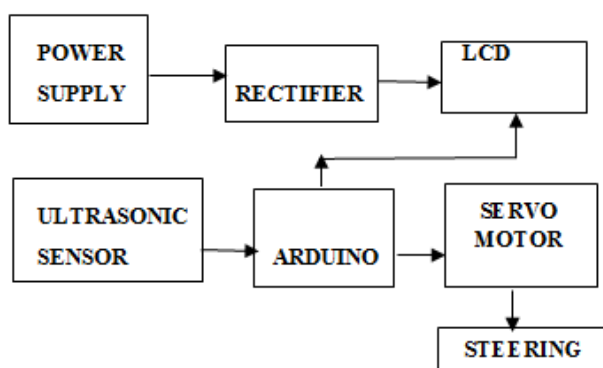


Figure No.1 Block Diagram

IV. HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

- ATmega328P Microcontroller
- Ultrasonic sensor
- Servo motor
- Arduino
- LCD Display
- Transformer/Adapter
- Cables and Connectors

4.1 ATmega328P Microcontroller



Figure No .2 Atmega328p Microcontroller

- 23 general purpose I/O lines
- A 6-channel 10-bit ADC (analog input)
- 6 output PWM channels (analog output)
- A serial programmable USART
- This allows very fast start-up combined with low power consumption
- Easily available in Market
- Low Cost and easy to use

4.2 Ultrasonic Sensor



Figure No.3 Ultrasonic Sensor

The HCSR04 estimates object distance. High precision and stable readings in an easy to-utilize pack It's functioning isn 't affected by sunshine or dim material like sharp reach pioneers are (fragile materials like texture can be difficult to recognize). The crucial essential guideline of activity is underneath, use IO port TRIG to trigger running. It needs 10 us unusual state signal in any occasion module will send eight 40kHz square wave consequently and will test if there is any sign returned. If there is signal returned, yield will be unusual state signal through IO port ECHO. The range of the strange state signal is the time from transmitter to getting with the ultrasonic. Testing division = length of strange state x sound velocity(340m/s)/2 You can utilize the above figuring to find the partition between the obstruction and the ultrasonic module.

4.3 Arduino UNO

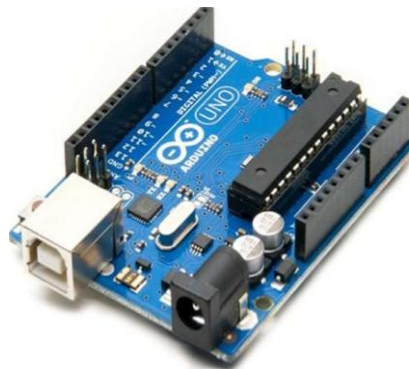


Figure No.4 Arduino UNO

- An open source designs. The advantage of it being open source is that it has a large community of people using and troubleshooting it. This makes it easy to find someone to help you debug your projects.
- An easy USB interfaces. The chip on the board plugs straight into your USB port and registers on your computer as a virtual serial port. This allows you to interface with it as through it were a serial device. The benefit of this setup is that serial communication is an extremely easy (and time-tested) protocol, and USB makes connecting it to modern computers convenient.
- Very convenient power management and built-in voltage regulation. You can connect an external power source of up to 12v and it will regulate it to both 5v and 3.3v. It also can be powered directly off a USB port without any external power.
- An easy-to-find, and dirt cheap, microcontroller "brain." The ATmega328 chip retails for external and internal interrupts, and multiple sleep modes. Check out the official datasheet for more details.
- A 16mhz clock. This makes it not the speediest microcontroller around, but fast enough for most applications.
- 32 KB of flash memory for storing your code.

4.3 LCD Display

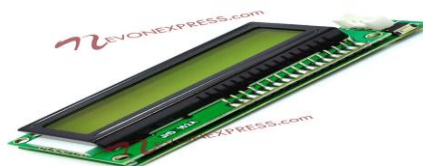


Figure No.5 LCD Display

An LCD is an electronic showcase module which utilizes fluid precious stone to deliver a noticeable picture. The 16x2/20x4 LCD show is a fundamental module normally utilized in DIYs and circuits. In this LCD each character is shown in pixel framework. The order register stores the control bearings given to the LCD. An order is a guidance given to LCD to play out a predefined task like introducing it, clearing its presentation, setting the cursor position, controlling screen and so forth the information register stores the information to be shown on the LCD. The data is the ASCII worth of this character to be appeared on the LCD.

4.4 Transformer/Adapter

A transformer is a static electrical gadget that exchanges electrical energy between at least two circuits. A shifting current in one loop of the transformer delivers a differing attractive motion, which, thusly, instigates a fluctuating electromotive power or "voltage" across a subsequent curl twisted around a similar center.



Figure No.6 Transformer/Adapter

An AC connector, AC/DC connector, or AC/DC converter is a sort of outside power supply, frequently encased for a situation like an AC plug. Other regular names incorporate fitting pack, module connector, connector block, homegrown mains connector, line power connector, divider mole, power block, and force connector.

V. WORKING MODEL

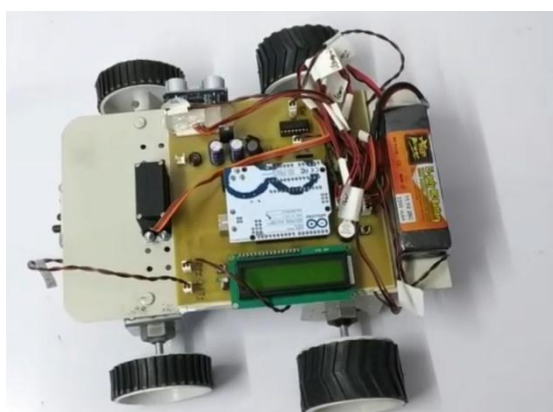


Figure No.7 Model of Project

Force supply changes over the yield from ac power line to dc yield. This AC voltage is corrected to give throbbing dc by utilizing rectifier. This throbbing dc voltage is sifted by utilizing channel and it gives smooth voltage. This voltage provides for voltage controller it changes over this voltage into consistent dc supply, at that point it goes to LCD module to show different data of the program. Ultrasonic sensor used to distinguish the stopping distance. This self-leaving vehicle project comprises of Arduino load up, obstruction sensor which recognizes the items in front and back of the vehicle, supersonic reach locator to identify the leaving distance,

LCD module to show different data of the program, Motor driver to drive a DC gear engine and a servo Motor to control controlling. It likewise utilizes way discovering calculation.

VI. RESULT

Our fundamental test outcomes show that the exhibition of the Arduino uno based framework can viably fulfil the necessities and prerequisites of existing vehicle leaving hassles in this way limiting the time devoured to discover vacant parking area and continuous data delivering.

VII. CONCLUSION

Our undertaking distinguishes the vacant opening and left the vehicle. The normal hanging tight time offers for leaving vehicle is diminished in this framework. The ideal arrangement is given by the proposed framework , where a large portion of the vehicles track down a free space effectively Our starter test results show that the presentation of the Arduino based framework can adequately fulfils the necessities and prerequisites of existing vehicle leaving bothers in this way limiting the time devoured to discover empty parking area and ongoing data delivering. This self-vehicle parking framework gives better execution, minimal expense, and productive enormous scope leaving framework. At the point when vehicle entering in leaving opening it will recognize closest void opening and go to that spot and void space is involved. It additionally disposes of pointless bridging the filled stopping openings around there.

VIII. REFERENCES

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