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HATEFUL MEME'S, VIDEO'S, AUDIO'S DETECTION

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ABSTRACT

The Proliferation of online social media platforms, video sharing websites, and live streaming services has led to a surge in the spread of hateful content, including hate speech, harassment, and discriminatory behavior. To combat this issue, this project aims to develop an artificial intelligence (AI) powered system for detecting hateful content in audio and video recordings. The proposed system utilizes a deep learning-based approach, combining convolutional neural networks and recurrent neural networks to analyze audio and video files and identify patterns and characteristics indicative of hateful content. The system is trained on a large dataset of labeled audio and video files and evaluated on a separate test dataset.

Keywords: Hateful Content Detection, Hate Speech Detection, Audio And Video Analysis, Artificial Intelligence Online Safety, Social Media Regulation, Hate Crime Prevention.

I. INTRODUCTION

The rapid growth of online social media platforms, Video sharing websites, and live streaming services has revolutionized the way people communicate, interact, and hate information. However, this increased online activity has also led to a surge in the spread of hateful content, including hate speech, harassment, and discriminatory behavior. Hateful content can take many forms, including audio and video recordings that promote violence, discrimination, or hatred against individuals or groups based on their race, ethnicity, gender, religion, or other personal characteristics.

The spread of such content can have severe consequence, including the perpetuation of hate crimes, the marginalization of vulnerable communities, and the erosion of social cohesion.

Despite the efforts of social media platforms, online communities, and law enforcement agencies to combat hateful content, the problem persists. One of the main challenges is the sheer volume of online content, which makes it difficult to detect and remove hateful material in a timely and effective manner.

II. METHODOLOGY

The methodology of the hateful memes detection project involves several stages.

- 1. First, a large dataset of memes is collected from various online sources, including social media platforms and online forums. The collected memes are then annotated as hateful or non-hateful by human evaluators.
- 2. Next, the images and text in the memes are pre-processing using techniques such as resizing, tokenization, and steaming. Features are then extracted from the preprocessed images and text using convolutinal neural networks and word embedding.
- 3. A machine learning model, such as a CNN or recurrent neural network, is then trained on the extracted features to learn patterns and relationships between the images and text.
- 4. The trained model is then evaluated using metrics such as accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score, and its performance is compared to baseline models. Finally, the trained model is deployed in a suitable environment, such as a web application or API, and its performance is continuously monitor and updated to ensure its accuracy and effectiveness.



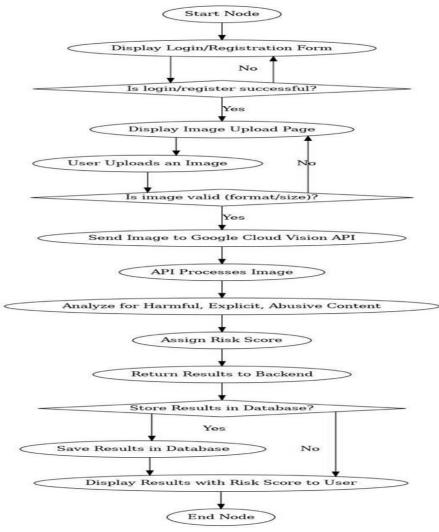
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III. **MODELING AND ANALYSIS**



IV. **RESULTS**

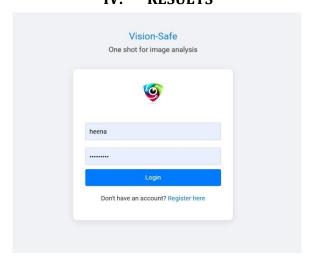


Fig.1



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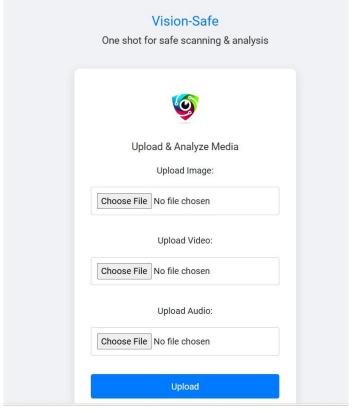


Fig.2



Fig.3

V. CONCLUSION

The Hateful Audio and Video Detection Project aimed to develop an artificial intelligence powered system to detect and flag hateful content in audio and video files. The project's primary objective was to create a robust and accurate system that can identify hate speech, harassment, and discriminatory behavior in online content.



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Throughout the project, we explored various machine learning and deep learning techniques, including convolutional neural networks, recurrent neural networks, and transfer learning. We also investigated the use of natural language processing techniques to analyze text-based content and identify hate speech.

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