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ANALYSIS OF LEGAL AND SECURITY ISSUES OF INTERNET BANKING: CASE STUDY OF KARACHI

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*3Assistant Manager (Production), Shafi Private Limited, Lahore, Punjab, Pakistan. ABSTRACT

Purpose: To bridge the gap between the end user and service provider so that legal and security challenges faced by the end user can be communicated for greater good.

Methodology: This empirical research study was performed in the Karachi, Pakistan. Survey as taken on from literary works and 5 point likert scale was chosen as measurement scale. Information was accumulated by using Google form which were sent out by e-mails to the individuals. 300 valid questionnaire samples were collected and also taken into SPSS as well as MS Excel for the analysis. Information analysis included simple frequency distribution, mean±SD and also setting of various variables. Data was presented in the form of tables.

Finding: Results indicated that majority of the participants agreed (responded 4) for the online banking transactions are secure; they also agreed on the feature of online banking that it provides transactional privacy; customers also agreed that in online banking, confidentiality of their personal information is ensured. Moreover, the majority of participants also agreed that the online banking ensures the security of deposited funds. This analysis reveals that customers are well satisfied with the legal and security of features of internet banking/online banking.

Importance: When there is the communication gap in between the customer as well as entrepreneur and also customer don't obtain the desired product/service or the client is not aware of the product/service; in this scenario, client changes his/her choices concerning the products/services. As a result, in the talked about situation, manufacturer or service provider needs to lessen the gap with his consumer to ensure that he might have understanding about the consumer's demand. On the same time, if the customer do n't learn about the product/service as well as its characteristics, it is severely needed to aware him/her with the comprehensive expertise regarding. This study will definitely play the role of bridge in between the consumer and service provider in regards to customer's concerns with online banking.

Implications: This research can be administered at the larger sample dimension (with diverse demographics in regards to geographical locations) for more precise results and also conclusion.

Originality: Beatrice in 2017 administered a study on the difficulties dealt with by the internet banking in which the data was gathered from branch supervisors, branch supervisors, client service policemen, tellers and credit report police officers. Since, the information was accumulated from the authorities of banks and also because circumstance, consumers were ruled out. In the heaviness of pointed out factor, the author has actually left the recommendations for future that this work can be additional prolonged by administering the exact same study in the consumers' landscape [1]. This research study is the extension of Beatrice's work.

Keywords: legal issues, internet banking, security issues, Karachi, case study.

I. INTRODUCTION

Information technology (IT) has been playing a phenomenal role in the accessing, calculation and also access of records [2], [3]. Enterprises are required to improve their procedures and also techniques on the advent of brand-new technological innovations [4]. In the recent time, the growth in innovation has impacted business in several means, the majority of especially in regards to administration and also control; marketing and research; procedures and decision making [5]. Economic system plays a vital part in the financial advancement of the



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nation [6]. The standard setting of providing product or services by financial institutions to the customers' is via a solitary circulation channel and that is physical bank branches [7]. In order to deal with the quick changes in business situation, banks started to rely upon distribution networks as an alternative technique for differentiation and also gaining more competitive advantage [7]. Financial institutions boost modern technology financial investment spending highly to address profits, expense and also competitiveness worries [5]. In a world, which is ending up being significantly open as a result of the Net and the Net (WWW), Electronic banking has actually been making headway around the globe [8]. Financial services industry is developing due to the introduction of internet, quick technical evolutions, deregulation, globalization as well as the effect of changing affordable and also regulative pressures [7]. Execution of net in financial system has updated the banks [6]. In banking sector, infotech is the significant element for future advancement of economic services sector. It is based on sharing of info, which mostly relies on details and also interaction technological innovations for obtaining, analyzing as well as delivering data to all relevant users [9]. E- Financial is data base as well as mostly clinical in using the digital devices of the computer resolution via the comprehensive use of IT without straight resources to the bank by the clients [6]. E-banking describes financial tasks that are accomplished making use of digital technological innovations [10]. E-banking means any type of user with a desktop computer and also a web browser can get linked to his banks site to do any of the online financial functions [11]-[13]. In E- financial system the financial institution has a centralized data source that is webenabled [7]. The introduction of e-banking services is thought about a breakthrough of the financial industry, bringing numerous benefits to both consumers and also banks [14]. Among the benefits that financial institutions experience when using e-financial is boosted client satisfaction [5]. It offers substantial benefits to consumers in terms of the convenience and price of transactions [15]. Web banking has stipulation networks that replaces and also replicated different activities presently implementing by the bank [16]. E-banking contribute in advertising, attention and market research of the items [8]. It has highly impacted the strategic service considerations for banks by considerably lowering expenses of distribution and deals [5]. Thus ebanking currently plays a crucial role to perform the individual along with business financial tasks execution [16]. As a result of the development of information technological innovations there is a change in the banking industry which has actually paved method for the intro of retail electronic repayment system and has actually proceeded in the current years in different countries [6]. It needs to be kept in mind, however, that while ebanking provides numerous benefits to consumers as well as financial institutions, it also exacerbates traditional financial threats [5]. In this age of modern technological advances, the application of e-banking solutions plays a considerable part in aiding banks to continue to be competitive and adapt to the recent changes of the market [14]. The financial products and services have actually become available online, which has hence end up being a vital distribution network for a variety of financial institutions [5]. The success of Electronic banking relies on the maturation, honesty as well as commitment of the people. Electronic banking system has shown to be more flexible than a man [8].

Companies modify their system or process on the advent of new technology in the market [17]-[20]. Making use of latest innovation results in the boosted performance, price effectiveness as well as increased performance [21]. E-Banking is not something new to Pakistan. The first ever Automated Teller Machine was installed in 1987 in Pakistan. Till late 1990s, the installment as well as growth rate of ATM were remained low as well as slow-moving [16]. Queue is the prevalent event in day-to-day live[22]-[28]. The progression of economic deals by technology has been driven by variations in scattering networks as demonstrated by ATM (automated bank employee ma- chine), Mobile Phone-banking, Pc-banking, Telebanking and most lately internet banking [16]. The use of internet banking has actually grown rapidly in the last decade, alongside the Net [29]. In 2017, 64% of the total deals were executed by ATM machines, 0.40% were conducted through mobile banking, as well as 4% of them were performed using web in Pakistan [16]. One among consumers experienced problem with Internet and also electronic banking is privacy; which makes the security in deals crucial [29]. These findings show that what the participants have most to complain concerning pertaining to Internet banking is the safety and security [29]. Aggressiveness is triggered by temper and also impatience [30], [31]. Research studies has actually shown that younger segments are extra happy to take risks than the



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older segments Relating to internet banking, the older sections are a lot more mindful than common, [29]. The service finds as easy to use, quick, accessible and so on, yet although the respondents discovered the use positive, several found the security unfavorable [29]. Also e-banking activities based upon the internet or online personal networks own by the financial institution, for that reason communication channel, circulation channel and also deals network have to be secure [16]. Among the most vital lawful obstacles for the e-banking system appears to be whether the general regulations of contracts give sufficient guarantees for the validity as well as need of digital agreements [10].

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

There has actually been a great deal of research is carried out on the online banking in regards to obstacles dealt with by company. Among the descriptive research study was conducted by Beatrice (2017) in Kenya, in which set of questions was utilized for information collection. Research investigated the challenges dealt with by the electronic banking. Obstacles were indicated by the study were i.e. poor net speed, customer recognition, absence of informs of internet banking, less infiltration in the marketplace and also the function of electronic banking solutions. Research also highlighted the deal safety concerns in the banks. It was ended that the degree of understanding amongst the client concerning electronic banking is quite much less; that's why it was advised to train the banks' workers so that they might pass on the obtained knowledge of electronic banking in the direction of the customers [1]. Research study was performed by Rahman et al, (2017) with the goal to examine the existing circumstance, prospects and issue of online banking (Dutch-Bangla Financial institution Limited) in Bangladesh. Data was collected by performing meetings. There were 11 inquiries in the interview as well as 100 interview were conducted from the registered clients of the financial institution. It was concluded that customers of the bank had inadequate understanding concerning the e-banking services [9]. Deep literary works evaluation was conducted in Iran by Alikhani and also Zare (2018) in which the problems and challenges of internet banking rules are highlighted. In the study, legal difficulties are checked out for the growth of internet banking systems so that remedy of those issues can be recommended. It was wrapped up that, the policies for the consumer defense were insufficient in regards to internet banking and also on the exact same time, there was no clear judicial procedure thereof [10]. Companies spend a lot in terms of financial resources when they are operating internationally [32]. Motivation and working environment has an highlighted impact on the performance of employees [33], [34]. When Phuong Nam (2014) carried out research on the execution procedure of web banking services in Vietnam. There were 2 objectives in the study: 1) to discover the reasons as well as stimulations for the execution of online banking solutions; 2) to explore the implementation process and also highlight the obstacles encountered throughout the procedure. It was concluded that the development of market and also the fulfillment of clients were the major motivations behind the implementation of the online banking; as well as the significant challenge was the absence of knowledge (regarding the internet banking) among consumer and also their aversion [14].

Ameena Farooqui and also P. Rajani (2017) conducted as research study with the purpose of examining progression of Indian financial institutions in the context of internet banking. On the same time, difficulties dealt with by Indian banks were likewise highlighted. The electronic banking customers increase from 193204330 (in 2013) to 462124989 (in 2016); which suggested that there succeeded execution of internet banking in Indian financial institutions. Highlighted variables were; i.e. safety and security risk, depend on aspect, customer recognition, privacy risk, reinforcing the general public support, schedule of workers solutions, competition, execution of international technology etc. [6]. Hussain et al. (2017) indicated internet accessibility in financial industry as a reason for customer reluctance to access their bank accounts online in Pakistan. Since absence of cyber security, clients' trust fund is significantly influenced by the use web banking. Furthermore, writers highlighted the problems of internet banking i.e. technological problems, ATM web link network issues, security problems, non-technical employees [16]. Al-Weshah (2013) ended that electronic banking offers lots of offered opportunities to bank enhancement such as simple and also fast banking solutions, affordable communication devices with customers, brand-new financial product or services to financial institution customers, as well as effective control concerning banking system errors. On the other hand, internet banking encounters numerous prospective obstacles in bank improvement such as absence of



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consumers' trust fund as well as safety, lack of employees' involvement in financial sector renovation, and also lack of appropriate workers' abilities and also capacities in net applications as a result of absence of efficient training for teller [35]. Ashoka as well as Vinay M.L (2016) carried out study in Mysore Area reveal that the corresponding percentage in regard of rural customer is just 60 portion with the total sample size of 179 the percentage for E- Banking in the aggregate team counts for 80 percent the main reason for non-patronization of E-- Banking is illiteracy and also fear of shedding money when E-- Financial is exercised [36]. The organization in between market characteristics and also the fulfillment of consumers for internet banking was checked out by Kumbhar, Vijay (2011); furthermore, organization in between solution quality and customer's contentment was also examined he likewise investigate the partnership between service quality and clients' fulfillment along with satisfaction in electronic banking solution given by the public field financial institution and also private sector banks. The research study found out that total complete satisfaction of staff members, business owners and experts are higher in internet banking service. Additionally it was located that there is considerable distinction in the consumers' understanding in electronic banking solutions provided by the public and also privates sector financial institutions [9] According to Nath Ravi & Schrick Paul (2001), In every organization, the means the business is performed is being transformed by shopping. Outdated business versions are changed by the new ones. On the exact same time, organization are pondering over the adjustment of strategies of client relationship management as well as service procedure design. Banks are not jeopardizing on this change. In the here and now research study, views of lenders are taken a look at on the stipulation of banking solutions via site. Results of the study suggested that electronic banking in its infancy age and its provided by less variety of financial institutions; complete electronic banking advantages are staying to be understood by variety of financial institutions for its implementation [37]. Pooja Malhotra as well as Balwinder Singh (2009), briefly indicated the here and now problem of electronic banking in India. This research study was carried out to look for the relationship between electronic banking adoption and also efficiency of financial institution and also the threat. It has been shown by the research that, internet banking has the considerable and adverse organization with the threat; where it becomes clear that danger account of financial institutions is not raised by the electronic banking fostering in banks [38].

III. RESEARCH GAP

With the introduction of technological enhancement, it was needed for the financial institutions and so the customer to move in the direction of the online banking [39]. E-Banking is sensation whereby the product or services are instantly supplied to consumers with electronic system [39]. Recently, due the advancement in the field of information technology and the Net benefits, financial institutions have actually been seeking for the provision of variety of services for their consumers. Unavoidable obstacles are being available in the way of growth as well as growth of e-banking [10]. Besides the benefits of, electronic banking; there are lots of challenges in the market of electronic banking; which are noteworthy for both i.e. company and the end user that runs properly from the banks. It is required for them to be familiar with those obstacles so that they can be gotten over successfully [40]. In the here and now scenario, it is called for to recognize the issues of financial via web on the side of clients to determine the challenges which are been dealt with by service providers. In this way, unwillingness regarding the usage of online banking amongst completion individual as it may be decreased for the good of both clients and also company. There has actually been a great deal of investigates, that focus on the difficulties encountered by the provider i.e. financial institutions however an extremely few of them have actually concentrated on the difficulties with end user (consumer) viewpoint. Beatrice in 2017 conducted a study on the challenges encountered by the electronic banking in which the data was accumulated from branch supervisors, branch managers, client service police officers, bank employees and credit scores police officers. Because, the data was accumulated from the authorities of banks and also in that situation, clients were not considered. In the gravity of mentioned point, the writer has actually left the pointers for future that this job can be additional expanded by conducting the exact same research study in the consumers 'point of view [1]. This study is the extension of Beatrice's work.



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IV. RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

The aim of present research was to bridge the gap between customer and service provider and this could be achieved by following objectives:

- To identify the variables of legal and security issues of internet banking
- To analyze the legal and security issues of internet banking across participants' gender and age

V. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Research approach is the subject of approaches which have been made use of in the conducted research. In this section, research strategy, research design, populace, segment dimension, sampling strategy, research instrument as well as measurement range are gone over briefly.

Research Philosophy

3 main philosophies of science are there i.e. empiricism, scientific realism as well as social constructionism [41]. This research based upon the realism approach. According to McMurray AJ, Pace RWand Scott D (2004) as cited by [42] that in realism viewpoint, reality as well as ideas that exist in a the setting are concentrated. Yin (1989, p. 21) as pointed out by [43] indicated that realism standard intends to generalize to theoretical ideas as well as not to populaces. There are 2 branches of realism ideology i.e. crucial as well as direct realism. Sekaran U as well as Bougie R. (2013) as mentioned by [42] explained straight realism is what a specific really feels, sees, hears, etc. On the other hand, in vital realism, the individuals discuss their experience in particular scenarios.

Research Approach

Classification reveals three sorts of research techniques i.e. qualitative, quantitative as well as the mixed approach of both. Quantitative research describes the quantification and also evaluation of variables for getting outcomes [44]. By the help of numerous statistical strategies, the details (mathematical details) is evaluated in order to answer the interrogations like, how much, that, what, how many, where as well as when [1]. According to Aliaga, and also Gunderson (2002), as mentioned by [44] describes the quantitative research techniques as describing an issue by through collection of records in numbers as well as assessing it with the help of mathematical approaches. Statistical strategy to research design makes up the quantitative research method. It begins with the declaration of the research issue and encompasses the theory formation, evaluation of literary works as well as quantitative analysis of details [45]. This research method was initiated around the duration of 1250 A.D., it was used by the researchers for the metrology of details. Because, in this research author has actually collected the records and also used numerous statistical techniques to assess it; hence this research uses the quantitative research viewpoint.

Research Design

Design of research is structure, research strategy and analysis are assembled in order to examine the research issues [1]. According to Cooper & Schindler (2006) as mentioned by [1] that descriptive research is made use of for responding to the question like what, where and also just how of a case. Study research is referred to as the common kind of detailed research; in survey research, questionings are asked from the specimen (standing for the group (s)) of individuals to be studied [46]. Essential info concerning the populace is provided by the use of descriptive research design. Detailed research aid research to explain things which are common in the population [47].

Research Instrument

Set of questions was used the research instrument in the research. It was included 5 areas. Initial area was based on 6 interrogations pertaining to the details of participant i.e. age, gender, bank name as well as education, Have you done any kind of computer system training courses? As well as do you have accessibility to internet? 2nd section was consisted of 4 questionings relating to the leads of online banking as adopted from [9]. Third section was based upon 8 variables associated with legal and security challenges of online banking as adopted from [1].



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Measurement Scale

Considering that, the idea of the people concerning anything are an abstract noun; which cannot be measured by physical numbers; therefore, for measurement of opinions and attitudes, likert ranges are designed [48]. These ranges are been composed on the numerous options in a dealt with style. In the present research, 5-point likert scale ("Highly Disagree = 1" to "Strongly Agree = 5") was used in order to determine the various variables.

Data Collection

In research language, population is the overall sum of things from the data segment can be taken [49]. Research populace in this study is the variety of people that have accounts in any one of the bank in Karachi, Sindh, Pakistan. The consumers of at least five financial institutions (operating in Karachi) were come close to for the details collection (by Google type) as well as data was collected from 300 participants. Practical sampling strategy was used for the records collection.

Data Analysis

Details was taken into MS succeed as well as statistical plan for social sciences for evaluation. Details analysis consisted of easy frequency distribution, means, standard deviations and modes of different variables. The records was presented in the form of tables. Evaluation of the each of the question was conducted individually based on both demographic properties i.e. gender and also age.

VI. RESULTS

Online banking transactions are secure across gender and age

Analysis of various variables of legal and security challenges was based on two statistical parameters i.e. frequency distribution and descriptive statistics. Table 1 presents the analysis of Q1 across gender and age. A look at the Table 1 indicates that the mean \pm SD, mode of the response of male respondents of various age groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (3.19 \pm 0.96, 4), 31-40 (3.70 \pm 0.47, 4), 41-50 (2.30 \pm 0.47, 2) and 51 and above (3.00 \pm 0.00, 3).

Online banking transactions are secure. Gender Total Mean+SD, Mode Age(Years) 1 2 3 5 n(%) n(%) n(%) n(%) n(%) 16(5.33%) Male 21-30 22(7.33%) 57(19%) 90(30%) 185(61.67%) 3.19<u>+</u>0.96, 4 Male 31-40 8(2.67%) 19(6.33%) 27(9%) $3.70 \pm 0.47, 4$ $2.30 \pm 0.47, 2$ Male 41-50 19(6.33%) 8(2.67%) 27(9%) Male 51 and above 19(6.33%) 19(6.33%) 3.00+0.00.3Total 258(86%) 16(5.33%) 41(13.67%) 92(30.67%) 109(36.33%) 21-30 16(5.33%) Female 6(2%) 22(7.33%) 3.73±0.46, 4 Female 31-40 20(6.67%) 20(6.67%) $3.00\pm0.00, 3$ Female 41-50 -Female 51 and above 26(8.67%) 16(5.33%) 42(14%)

Table 1. Frequency distribution of Q1 across gender and age

Similarly, the response of female respondents was calculated as well (see Table 1). Mean, standard deviation and mode of the response of female participants of various age groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (3.73 ± 0.46 , 4) and 31-40 (3.00 ± 0.00 , 3).

Banks keep privacy of customers' online banking transaction across gender and age

Analysis of various variables of legal and security challenges was based on two statistical parameters i.e. frequency distribution and descriptive statistics. Table 2 presents the analysis of Q2 across gender and age. A look at the Table 2 indicates that the mean±SD, mode of the response of male respondents of various age



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groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (3.82 ± 0.73 , 4), 31-40 (3.30 ± 0.95 , 4), 41-50 (3.26 ± 1.32 , 4) and 51 and above (4.05 ± 0.40 , 4).

Table 2. Frequency distribution of Q2 across gender and age

		Banks ke	ep privacy o					
Gender	Age(Years)	1	2	3	4	5	Total	Mean <u>+</u> SD, Mode
		n(%)	n(%)	n(%)	n(%)	n(%)		
Male	21-30	1(0.33%)	-	63(21%)	88(29.33%)	33(11%)	185(61.67%)	3.82 <u>+</u> 0.73, 4
Male	31-40	-	8(2.67%)	4(1.33%)	14(4.67%)	1(0.33%)	27(9%)	3.30 <u>+</u> 0.95, 4
Male	41-50	6(2%)	-	4(1.33%)	15(5%)	2(0.67%)	27(9%)	3.26 <u>+</u> 1.32, 4
Male	51 and above	-	-	1(0.33%)	16(5.33%)	2(0.67%)	19(6.33%)	4.05 <u>+</u> 0.40, 4
	Total	7(2.33%)	8(2.67%)	72(24%)	133(44.33%)	38(12.67%)	258(86%)	
Female	21-30	-	-	1(0.33%)	17(5.67%)	4(1.33%)	22(7.33%)	4.14 <u>+</u> 0.47, 4
Female	31-40	-	-	-	16(5.33%)	4(1.33%)	20(6.67%)	4.20 <u>+</u> 0.41, 4
Female	41-50	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Female	51 and above	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total	-	-	1(0.33%)	33(11%)	8(2.67%)	42(14%)	

Similarly, the response of female respondents was calculated as well (see Table 2). Mean, standard deviation and mode of the response of female participants of various age groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (4.14 ± 0.47 , 4) and 31-40 (4.20 ± 0.41 , 4).

Banks keep customers' personal information confidential across gender and age

Analysis of various variables of legal and security challenges was based on two statistical parameters i.e. frequency distribution and descriptive statistics. Table 3 presents the analysis of Q3 across gender and age. A look at the Table 3 indicates that the mean \pm SD, mode of the response of male respondents of various age groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (2.41 \pm 0.84, 2), 31-40 (3.41 \pm 0.93, 4), 41-50 (2.30 \pm 0.47, 2) and 51 and above (2.00 \pm 0.00, 2).

Table 3. Frequency distribution of Q3 across gender and age

		Banks ke	ep customers' p					
Gender	Age(Years)	1 n(%)	2 n(%)	3 n(%)	4 n(%)	5 n(%)	Total	Mean <u>+</u> SD, Mode
Male	21-30	16(5.33%)	104(34.67%)	38(12.67%)	27(9%)	-	185(61.67%)	2.41 <u>+</u> 0.84, 2
Male	31-40	-	8(2.67%)	-	19(6.33%)	-	27(9%)	3.41 <u>+</u> 0.93, 4
Male	41-50	-	19(6.33%)	8(2.67%)	-	-	27(9%)	2.30 <u>+</u> 0.47, 2
Male	51 and above	-	19(6.33%)	-	-	-	19(6.33%)	2.00 <u>+</u> 0.00, 2
Total		16(5.33%)	150(50%)	46(15.33%)	46(15.33%)	-	258(86%)	
Female	21-30	-	22(7.33%)	-	-	-	22(7.33%)	2.00 <u>+</u> 0.00, 2
Female	31-40	-	20(6.67%)	-	-	-	20(6.67%)	2.00 <u>+</u> 0.00, 2
Female	41-50	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Female	51 and above	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total		-	42(14%)	-	-	-	42(14%)	

Similarly, the response of female respondents was calculated as well (see Table 3). Mean, standard deviation and mode of the response of female participants of various age groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (2.00 ± 0.00 , 2) and 31-40 (2.00 ± 0.00 , 2).

Internet banking helps in maintaining security of money across gender and age

Analysis of various variables of legal and security challenges was based on two statistical parameters i.e. frequency distribution and descriptive statistics. Table 4 presents the analysis of Q4 across gender and age. A



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look at the Table 4 indicates that the mean \pm SD, mode of the response of male respondents of various age groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (3.12 \pm 1.25, 4), 31-40 (3.33 \pm 0.96, 4), 41-50 (3.63 \pm 0.56, 4) and 51 and above (3.79 \pm 0.63, 4).

Table 4. Frequency distribution of Q4 across gender and age

		Intern	et banking h					
Gender	Age(Years)	1	2	3	4	5	Total	Mean <u>+</u> SD, Mode
		n(%)	n(%)	n(%)	n(%)	n(%)		
Male	21-30	36(12%)	9(3%)	52(17.33%)	72(24%)	16(5.33%)	185(61.67%)	3.12 <u>+</u> 1.25, 4
Male	31-40	-	9(3%)	-	18(6%)	-	27(9%)	3.33 <u>+</u> 0.96, 4
Male	41-50	-	1(0.33%)	8(2.67%)	18(6%)	-	27(9%)	3.63 <u>+</u> 0.56, 4
Male	51 and above	-	2(0.67%)	-	17(5.67%)	-	19(6.33%)	3.79 <u>+</u> 0.63, 4
	Total		21(7%)	60(20%)	125(41.67%)	16(5.33%)	258(86%)	
Female	21-30	1(0.33%)	2(0.67%)	-	19(6.33%)	-	22(7.33%)	3.68 <u>+</u> 0.84, 4
Female	31-40	-	2(0.67%)	-	18(6%)	-	20(6.67%)	3.80 <u>+</u> 0.62, 4
Female	41-50	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Female	51 and above	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total		1(0.33%)	4(1.33%)	-	37(12.33%)	-	42(14%)	

Similarly, the response of female respondents was calculated as well (see Table 4). Mean, standard deviation and mode of the response of female participants of various age groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (3.68 ± 0.84 , 4) and 31-40 (3.80 ± 0.62 , 4).

Security of complete information regarding customer is banks' responsibility across gender and age

Analysis of various variables of legal and security challenges was based on two statistical parameters i.e. frequency distribution and descriptive statistics. Table 5 presents the analysis of Q5 across gender and age. A look at the Table 5 indicates that the mean \pm SD, mode of the response of male respondents of various age groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (3.42 \pm 1.45, 5), 31-40 (3.11 \pm 1.40, 4), 41-50 (4.41 \pm 0.93, 5) and 51 and above (3.00 \pm 0.00, 3).

Table 5. Frequency distribution of Q5 across gender and age

Gende r	Age(Years)	Security	of comple		Mean <u>+</u> SD,			
		1 n(%)	2 n(%)	3 n(%)	4 n(%)	5 n(%)	Total	Mode
Male	21-30	38(12.67%)	-	51(17%)	38(12.67%)	58(19.33%)	185(61.67 %)	3.42 <u>+</u> 1.45, 5
Male	31-40	8(2.67%)	-	-	19(6.33%)	-	27(9%)	3.11 <u>+</u> 1.40, 4
Male	41-50	-	-	8(2.67%)	-	19(6.33%)	27(9%)	4.41 <u>+</u> 0.93, 5
Male	51 and above	-	-	19(6.33%)	-	-	19(6.33%)	3.00 <u>+</u> 0.00, 3
	Total	46(15.33%)	-	78(26%)	57(19%)	77(25.67%)	258(86%)	
Female	21-30	-	-	-	6(2%)	16(5.33%)	22(7.33%)	4.73 <u>+</u> 0.46, 5
Female	31-40	-	-	-	20(6.67%)	-	20(6.67%)	4.00 <u>+</u> 0.00, 4
Female	41-50	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Female	51 and above	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total		-	-	-	26(8.67%)	16(5.33%)	42(14%)	



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Similarly, the response of female respondents was calculated as well (see Table 5). Mean, standard deviation and mode of the response of female participants of various age groups was calculated to be: 21-30 (4.73 ± 0.46 , 5) and 31-40 (4.00 ± 0.00 , 4).

VII. DISCUSSION

The concept of financial activities originated in 18th century BC [50]. This occurrence has the capability to basically turn the banks therefore the financial sector. And conjecture from the extreme sights have appeared that this technology will abolish the versions as well as the way exactly how bank services were developed as well as made use of [38]. On the top, the advantage of e-banking is the enhanced consumer contentment [5]. Esther and also Rajasekaran suggested that there were many people that do n't learn about the e-banking and also they suggested to financial institutions that the customers ought to be guaranteed the security as well as protection of their transfers [51]. Yang et al, 2007 concluded that there were less number consumers of Ebanking in Georgia not because of lack of awareness but due to the fact that absence of reliable advertising techniques [52]. Premchand Narware, 2016 indicated E-banking the perfect future financial mode and also it will overcome the typical financial unquestionably [53]. The greater use internet services has actually advertised the entrepreneurs considering that so long to offer their items anywhere by using web [50]. The banks supplying the system of on the internet exchange were categorized as bigger, extra successful and also efficient financial institutions [38]. Ingle and also Pardeshi, 2016 examined the advertising approaches for electronic banking; techniques included competition, price effectiveness, geographical reach, branding, client demographics, ease, obliquity, transaction rate, exchange rate, performance and also performance [50]. Bahl, 2012 recommended policy effects for E-banking: that included licensing, verifying a person's identity, safety, capacity preparation, consumer education, adaption, legalisation, harmonization and combination [15]. Alikhani and also Zare wrapped up lots of difficulties in the way to execution of e-banking i.e. legal as well as economic regulative issues, process problems, organizational culture problems, system and also infrastructural issues and above all the lawful difficulty was reported in Iran [10]. Gurme, 2011 carried out a review and ended that the main challenge for the fostering of e-banking by the client was the security of financial system due to the fact that any person can conveniently run it [54]. Kazmi as well as Hashim reported e-banking issues in Pakistan as; IT telecommunication infrastructural issue, capability issue, site layout issue, safety and security issue, trust fund concern and also money laundering concern [55]. Lakshmi Bhai, 2018 evaluated the issues of e-banking as: discretion, honesty, authentication, customer satisfaction, schedule of personnel services, competition, taking care of modern technology, security danger, privacy danger, depend on factor, consumer recognition and less net penetration in Indian context [56]. Rahman et al., 2017 when asked the concerns from the participants via his currently developed questionnaire that "web banking is very easy to operate" then 64% of them responded yes as well as remainder of 36% responded no [9]. Lusaya and also Kalumba, 2018 asked the question from his participants concerning the E-banking use; 42% responded to no and also remainder of 28% respondents addressed indeed: moreover, from that 58%, 8% of them utilize e-banking for funds transfer, 2% for costs settlement and remainder of 48% used it for various other cash transactions [39]. Yahiya performed a study in which he offered the results as: 74.4% customers of e-banking were people, 11.2% were small as well as moderate business as well as rest of 14.4% were corporates [49].

VIII. CONCLUSION

In traditional banking, there was number of functional problems i.e. slow-moving access of data, higher chance of scams, greater efforts of customer for transaction. Due to these concerns, online banking was introduced right into the banking market. There are number of benefits of electronic banking and also on the exact same time, there are variety of problems in the means of e-banking to be completely embraced by the consumers. The customers protect their funds and also money in bank for the future requirements, services and also for personal belongings and also they intend to be assured in terms of safety of their tanks. Since, most of the scientists has actually reported the safety issue in the method to successful fostering of e-banking by the consumers [49]. Results indicated that majority of the participants agreed (responded 4) for the online banking transactions are secure; they also agreed on the feature of online banking that it provides transactional privacy; customers also agreed that in online banking, confidentiality of their personal information is ensured.



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Moreover, the majority of participants also agreed that the online banking ensures the security of deposited funds. This analysis reveals that customers are well satisfied with the legal and security of features of internet banking/online banking.

IX. IMPLICATIONS

This research can be administered at the larger sample dimension (with diverse demographics in regards to geographical locations) for more precise results and also conclusion.

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XI. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

There was no conflict of interest among the authors of the present research paper.

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